

Were we as young as we once were, Maggie, we might sing about the beautiful snow and cashing rabbits. But old legs don't shake as easily as they once did, we'll go easy

Fair tonight and warmer.  
Tuesday fair and warmer, ex-  
cept in northwest portion.

# THE ADA EVENING NEWS

All the News  
While it is News

VOLUME XIX NUMBER 266

ADA, OKLAHOMA MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1923

FIVE CENTS THE COPY

## FISHER WINS FIGHT IN COURT HEARING

### TURK DELEGATES ASK CONFERENCE END LONG FIGHT

Ismet Pasha Reminds That  
British and Turks Still  
in Arms.

WANT FINAL DECREE

London Paper Attacks on  
New Condemnation on  
Lord Curzon.

(By the Associated Press)  
LAUSANNE, Feb. 5.—The last  
statement issued concerning the  
Near East peace conference is to  
the effect that the conference is  
not hopelessly wrecked, but has  
been suspended or adjourned. This  
is the result of efforts at media-  
tion on the part of the United  
States and other neutrals.

LAUSANNE, Feb. 5.—Ismet  
Pasha, head of the Turkish dele-  
gation to the peace conference, told  
newspaper correspondents that  
Turkey had no desire to resume  
hostilities against either Greece or  
Great Britain as a result of the  
failure of the conference, but laid  
emphasis on the fact that Turkish  
and English armies still faced each  
other in Asia Minor.

Ismet said he would ask the  
powers whether they considered the  
negotiations officially at an end.  
The impression prevailed among  
conference delegates that Turkey  
would not be informed officially  
that the negotiations had termi-  
nated as it was desired to take  
other steps to prevent a renewal of  
the war.

It is believed that the tension  
between the British and French  
delegations during the last few  
days of the conference had some  
influence on the Turkish attitude as  
they probably considered a break  
between those nations imminent  
and that as a result the Turkey  
from the allies.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—An exception  
to the almost universal chorus of  
praise of the British government's  
stand and the condemnation of the  
attitude of the Turks at Lausanne  
was an attack by the Daily Mail  
in an extra edition attacking Lord  
Curzon and defending the Turks.  
The editorial said that the confer-  
ence failed because the allied dele-  
gates refused to accede to the "very  
reasonable demands of the Turks."

### Thomas Prepares Bill to Relieve Bank Situation

(By the Associated Press)  
OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5.—  
State bankers, depositors and others  
interested in the matter have  
been invited to attend a conference  
with Gov. Walton to discuss a  
measure designed to rehabilitate  
the guaranty fund by means of a  
bond issue and special tax on the  
deposits of state banks.

The bill was drawn up by Con-  
gressman-elect Elmer Thomas of  
Lawton, who was appointed by an  
organization of the depositors of  
failed banks to prepare recommen-  
dations to the state legislature look-  
ing to the rehabilitation of the  
state banking system. It is under-  
stood to have the support of Gov.  
Walton and state commissioner Joe  
Strain.

### Notice Lions



Regular semi-monthly meeting  
will be held at the Harris Hotel  
at 11:15. An interesting program  
has been planned and every mem-  
ber should be present, according to  
announcements.

### CANADIAN PRIME MINISTER POSES



The Rt. Hon. William Lyon Mac-  
kenzie King.

Not at all camera shy, the Rt.  
Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie  
King, prime minister of Canada  
and secretary of state for external  
affairs, poses for photographers at  
his desk in the parliament build-  
ings at Ottawa.

### GERMAN AGENTS STIFFEN STRIKE

By Means of Warnings, Prom-  
ises and Money En-  
courages Resistance.

(By the Associated Press)  
DUSSELDORF, Feb. 5.—Under  
orders from Berlin to railroad work-  
ers in the Rhineland and Ruhr had  
the effect today of stiffening the  
strike against the French and dis-  
pelled the hope of a settlement that  
had prevailed for a time.

By distribution of money and  
promises made by government  
agents in the district the German  
authorities are doing their utmost  
to encourage resistance which had  
begun to weaken among local func-  
tionaries and industrial employees.  
There has been no spread in the  
strike but instead of improving the  
situation remains unchanged.

French Extend Occupation  
DUSSELDORF, Feb. 5.—Occu-  
pation by the French of Offen-  
burg and another town in Baden, pre-  
sumably as a penalty for German  
interference with international train  
service between Paris and Prague,  
was reported today.

In German quarters it was de-  
clared that this latest move by  
the French is for the purpose of  
securing control of the bridge op-  
posite Strassburg. This would also  
give the French control of the rail-  
way along the right bank of the  
Rhine.

There was little change over the  
week end in the general industrial  
situation.

Saar Miners Strike  
PARIS, Feb. 5.—Miners in the  
Sarr valley, which produces 9,000-  
000 tons of coal annually, went on  
a strike today.

### WOULD CUT NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS HALF

(By the Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The  
number of immigrants permitted to  
enter the United States would be  
reduced by more than half in case  
a bill reported to the house today  
by the committee should be enacted  
into law.

Under its provisions immigrants  
would be limited to two per cent  
of the number of foreign nationals  
residing in the United States as  
determined to the census of 1920.  
The present limitation is three per  
cent based on the census of 1910.

### BARNSDALL MAN AND DAUGHTER INJURED

(By the Associated Press)  
TULSA, Feb. 5.—Suffering from  
internal injuries B. L. Moreland, 54,  
and Stella Moreland, his 15-year  
old daughter, are in a critical condition  
as a result of their auto being  
struck by a Midland Valley motor  
car on a grade crossing near Barns-  
dall yesterday.

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### OKLAHOMA CITY ATTORNEY FACES MURDER CHARGE

Elkins Case Called in Judge  
Zwick's District Court  
Today.

WRIGHT A WITNESS

Hard Legal Battle Expected  
in Noted Case; Special  
Venire Called.

(By the Associated Press)  
OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5.—  
The trial of C. A. Elkins, charged  
with slaying J. W. Ferguson several  
weeks ago, started in district court  
today. Judge Lucien B. Wright of  
Sapulpa is expected to be one of  
the leading witnesses for the state.  
In view of the wide publicity  
given the case it was feared that  
it might not be easy to secure a  
jury, so Judge Zwick ordered a  
special venire of 35 men. The reg-  
ular venire is composed of the same  
number.

Rose Walker, who is said to con-  
duct the house where the killing  
occurred, is also expected to be an  
important state witness.

Judge Wright is alleged to  
have been in the house when El-  
kins is said to have fired the shot.  
Ferguson was at one time a spe-  
cial investigator for the attorney  
general's department. It is said  
that in a dying statement he charged  
that Elkins was the slayer.

### ARDMORE TRIAL LAST OF WEEK

Judge's Illness Delays Open-  
ing Trial in Masked  
Band Killing.

(By the Associated Press)  
ARDMORE, Feb. 5.—The trial  
of 10 well known citizens of Car-  
ter county charged with the murder  
in connection with the killing of  
Joe Carroll at Wilson by a masked  
band, will probably begin the  
latter part of the week. It was  
stated today, since the illness of  
Judge Freeman will not permit of  
an earlier date.

Jeff Smith, who was tried last  
week, admitted being a member of  
the masked party, but claimed he  
had been forced to be a participant  
in the affair. The jury in his case  
was discharged Saturday afternoon  
after having deliberated for more  
than 48 hours without being able  
to reach an agreement.

### COTTON OIL MEN PRESENT CLAIM FOR BIG DAMAGES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—A bill  
to permit investigation by the  
United States court of claims of al-  
leged damages claimed by 285 cot-  
ton oil companies and aggregating  
\$8,000,000 was introduced today.  
The loss, the cotton seed crushers  
said, was caused by the govern-  
ment's action in cancelling con-  
tracts entered into during the war.

Senator Robertson of Arkansas  
in explaining the matter said the  
oil mills had contracted seed and  
linters at the price fixed by the  
government and lost heavily when  
the contracts were cancelled by the  
government.

### PASSENGERS HAVE CLOSE CALL WHEN WRECK OCCURS

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 5.—C. B.  
& Q. officers declared that it was  
nothing short of a miracle that no  
one was killed or injured today  
when two rear cars of train No.  
42 running between Billings, Mon-  
tana, and St. Louis were derailed  
near Mullins, Nebraska.

### NOTICE MASONS

There will be a cal-  
led meeting of the  
Ada Lodge No. 119  
A. F. & A. M. tonight  
for work on the  
Entered Apprentice  
Degree. All brethren and visiting  
brethren urged to attend.

### CHICAGO TO HAVE DAMP CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR'S JOB



Judge Bernard P. Barasa.

There'll be a showdown on the  
wet and dry question in Chicago  
soon. Judge Bernard P. Barasa, an  
avowed wet, has announced his  
candidacy for the Republican nomi-  
nation on a platform which in-  
cludes opposition to the Volstead  
act.

### SENATORS ROW OVER PAROLE

Gallager of Muskogee Indig-  
nant; Nichols Defends  
Action.

(By the Associated Press)  
Representative Disney of Musko-  
gee announced today that he would  
introduce in the house this after-  
noon a resolution calling for an  
investigation of the granting of a  
three-day leave of absence from the  
penitentiary of Xenophon Jones,  
Muskogee negro who is serving a  
25 year sentence for manslaughter.

Coincident with Representative  
Disney's announcement it was said  
that a delegation from the legisla-  
ture was waiting on Gov. Walton  
with telegrams from numerous citi-  
zens of Muskogee protesting against  
the release of the negro.

A statement was issued a few  
minutes later from the governor's  
office stating that the prisoner was  
given leave of absence on recom-  
mendation of Senator Nichols of  
Eufaula and added that the negro  
is accompanied by four guards and  
will spend the nights in the Mus-  
kogee county jail.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5.—  
Senator Clark Nichols of McIntosh  
county in a statement issued today  
said he had no apologies to make  
for his part in securing a three  
day parole for Jones, a negro serv-  
ing a sentence of 25 years for man-  
slaughter.

The negro, Nichols said, was re-  
leased to defend a divorce suit  
brought by his wife who, he said,  
"had the money of the family."  
Gov. Walton, according to Nichols,  
agreed to the three day parole on  
condition that the negro be taken  
to Muskogee under heavy guard.

Earlier in the day Senator Gal-  
lager of Muskogee declared the re-  
lease of Jones was an executive  
blunder and against the public.

"I take this means to publicly  
protest the release of the man who  
murdered a good citizen of Mus-  
kogee in cold blood," he said.

### HARDING ASKS SPEEDY ACTION ON DEBT LOAN

(By the Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Presi-  
dent Harding today in a statement  
to congress asked for approval of  
the British war debt settlement out-  
lined in the agreement reached by  
the two governments.

It was anticipated that he would  
probably submit his recommen-  
dations to the senate and house to-  
morrow with a request that ap-  
proval be given without delay.

It is said that congressional lead-  
ers have promised to try to clear  
the way for passage of a measure  
authorizing the settlement before  
adjournment on March 4.

## Judge Johnson Sustains Final Demurrer After Overruling of Motion to Set Aside Accusation

Technically reversing his decision of one hour previous in  
which he overruled the motion to set aside the accusation, Judge  
Hal Johnson of Tecumseh at 3:30 this afternoon sustained the  
third and last demurrer to the accusation filed by the defense  
and swept W. H. Fisher, deposed mayor, back in office.

Judge Johnson, ten minutes previous had issued a court  
order that the office of mayor be vacant, holding that District  
Judge J. W. Bolen acted without power in the appointment of A.  
M. Gregg as mayor on the suspension of Mayor Fisher.

At 2:30 Judge Johnson struck the first blow of the hearing  
when he overruled the motion to set aside the accusation.

Prince Freeling, former attorney general and counsel for  
Fisher filed a demurrer to the accusation setting out three points  
on the charges of the accusation.

Johnson immediately sustained two points of the demurrer,  
namely: promise of appointment of office and perjury on the  
same charge.

Freeling in a sweeping argument to the court pointed out the  
meagre basis of the action and pressed the point that Fisher was  
being held in the balance on the ridiculous count that he had  
failed to make quarterly reports and that even this accountable  
for the reason that there were no funds to carry out the publica-  
tion of the report.

Through Freeling's denunciation of the appointment of Gregg  
by the district judge and his lack of power in the matter, Judge  
Johnson ordered the office vacant and left the appointment of a  
successor in the hands of the city commissioners.

### INFORMATION OF GRAND JURY TOLD

Several Witnesses Testify of  
Information Given to  
Grand Jury.

Weaving its web of testimony in  
the hearing of the W. H. Fisher  
motion to set aside the accusation  
around the theory that the action  
of the grand jury was substantially  
influenced by documentary evidence  
taken at a court of inquiry called  
by District Judge J. W. Bolen last  
summer shortly following the city  
general election. The defense at  
3:30 Monday afternoon was pound-  
ing out vital points in their con-  
tention with the introduction of  
their witnesses before the court.

Prince Freeling, former attorney  
general and counsel for Fisher, led  
in the questioning during the af-  
ternoon and morning hearings.  
Robert Wimshish, local attorney and  
counsel for Fisher, also figured in  
the questioning.

Much stress was laid on the fact  
that Walter Wray, garage owner,  
who was an important witness be-  
fore Bolen's court of inquiry last  
summer, had not been summoned  
to appear before the grand jury,  
when he was questioned by Free-  
ling this morning.

Freeling also stressed the lapse  
of memory of Walter Ford, fore-  
man of the grand jury, who appar-  
ently had forgotten most of the  
vital points urged on him by the  
defense attorneys.

### Witnesses Testify.

Three witnesses were called be-  
fore the hearing Monday morning  
and testified concerning the evi-  
dence taken at the special court of  
inquiry last summer.

Wray, when brought before the  
hearing again for the afternoon  
session, testified that although Dis-  
trict Judge Bolen was in the in-  
quiry room during the time he tes-  
tified he did not direct the in-  
quiry. Wray explained that he had  
gone to Mayor Fisher two days af-  
ter the installation of Fisher and  
inquired concerning the appoint-  
ment of a Legion man as chief of  
police. He stated that Fisher had  
informed him at that time that his  
selection had not been made.

Blaine Gilbreath, court reporter,  
was next called to the stand and  
testified that he had been called  
to take testimony in the court of  
inquiry. He stated that he had taken  
the testimony of several men  
and enumerated them as they were  
read for his recognition. Gilbreath  
stated that Grover Garr had asked  
questions of Walter Wray dur-

(Continued on Page Three)

### Court Fans

Ada citizens again became  
sensational-mad court fans Mon-  
day morning when the doors  
of the small courtroom open-  
ed for the first barrage in the  
Fisher counter attack.

At 9 o'clock every seat in  
the court room had been  
taken with crowds packing  
through the doors for stand-  
ing room. As the argument of  
the attorneys waxed warm the  
crowds packed the narrow  
capacity of the room and  
shortly before noon standing  
room came at a bargain.

The defense counsel con-  
sisted of Robert Wimshish, Prince  
Freeling, and J. F. McKee.  
County Attorney J. W. Dean,  
J. B. Burris and I. M. King  
were prosecution attorneys.

### WARMER IN THE WEST, COLD IN THE SOUTH

(By the Associated Press)  
CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—The North-  
west and Central West were re-  
lieved today from the cold wave  
which sent the mercury down to  
low seasonal records, but the  
Southern states are suffering from  
the coldest weather that has oc-  
curred for several years, and much  
of this area has been covered with  
a sheet of snow, sleet and rain.

Vicksburg, Mississippi, was cov-  
ered with snow and sleet to a  
depth of seven inches. Street car  
service and telephone communi-  
cation have been greatly hampered.

Northern Louisiana and Arkan-  
sas are almost completely covered.  
However, the cold winds, it is pre-  
dicted, will have lost their force  
before reaching the coast.

In California fears of the citrus  
fruit growers were routed by the  
sunshine.

A general precipitation is slated  
for the Atlantic and East Gulf  
states for tomorrow.

### MISSISSIPPI SUPREME COURT REDUCES FINES

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 5.—Fines  
aggregating \$8,000,000 assessed  
against 142 fire insurance compa-  
nies for violations of the Mississippi  
insurance laws, were reduced to  
less than \$1,000,000 by a decision  
of the supreme court today.

### Notice Knights of Pythias.

All Knights are urgently request-  
ed to be present Tuesday night at  
7:30 o'clock sharp. Work to be con-  
ferred in the Rank of Esquire and  
important business to attend to. At-  
tending Knights cordially invited.  
C. C. CLUCK, C. C.

HUGH WILLIAMS, K. of R. & S.

### MOTION KILLED TO STOP ACTION

Prince Freeling Takes Lead  
in Argument on Legal  
Technicalities.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning  
the first cog in the state's plan  
of action against the Fisher motion  
to set aside the accusation, slipped  
a notch when Special Judge  
Hal Johnson of Tecumseh overruled  
the motion to strike the motion to  
set aside the accusation and order-  
ed the hearing to proceed.

Judge Johnson's decision came  
after the contention of Prince Free-  
ling, former state attorney general,  
and counsel for Fisher, that the  
motion to set aside the accusation  
was the only action to bring out  
the facts of the defense contention  
and to prove that the grand jury  
was or was not legal drawn, con-  
ducted and had sufficient cause for  
action.

Freeling further stated that the  
accusation returned against Fisher  
was even more detrimental to his  
reputation and worked more effec-  
tively than the indictment itself and  
that the motion to set aside the  
accusation was the only motion to  
determine the justice or injustice of  
the grand jury action.

The former attorney general  
pointed out that the arm of the  
law must be extended to protect the  
official from persecution without  
chance and means of defending his  
constitutional rights. Freeling re-  
ferred to the action of Chief Justice  
Doyle in his decision in a similar  
case.

Freeling's lengthy plea to the  
court followed the argument of  
County Attorney J. W. Dean, in  
which he contended that the action  
was a civil matter and could be  
only handled legally by a demurrer,  
setting out the face charges. Dean  
declared that the defense was in  
fault and that their counteraction  
against the accusation was not  
based according to the statute.

The summoning of the witnesses  
by the state and defense followed  
the decision of Judge Johnson.  
Walter Ford, foreman of the grand  
jury, was the first witnesses sum-  
moned by the defense. He was not  
in the court room and an attach-  
ment was ordered by the court.

Twenty-five witnesses were sub-  
poenaed for hearing. They are Wal-  
ter Ford, John Rawls, Joe Hardin,  
Joe Sloan, Luther Franklin, Bud  
Gregg, Charlie Thomas, C. V. Gow-  
ing, John W. Geard, E. M. Mc-  
Kendree, Joe Carter, W. Z. Ay-  
cock, C. B. Watson, C. H. High-  
cock, W. S. Richardson, Mount Gilmore,  
T. H. Smith, S. H. Ally, W. T. Hen-  
nigar, Bill Newton, John Morper,  
Charlie Deaver, H. F. Mathews,  
Blaine Gilbreath and Bob Duncan.

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# The Ada Evening News

Established in 1904  
Wm. Dee Little, Editor  
Published Every Evening, Except Saturday and Sunday Morning  
at Ada, Oklahoma  
By the News Publishing & Printing Co.

**THE ADA EVENING NEWS**  
By Carrier, per week ..... 15c  
By Carrier, per month ..... 50c  
By Mail, per month ..... 50c  
One Year, in advance ..... \$5.00

**THE ADA WEEKLY NEWS**  
Published Every Thursday, at per year ..... \$1.00

**MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for re-publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

Entered at the postoffice at Ada, Oklahoma, as second class mail matter

Telephones: Business Office, 4. Editorial Dept., 307



## GERMAN OFFICIALDOM

On your arrival, in Tegernsee, Bavaria, you go to report yourself to the police, who, by the way, are now having the time of their lives in Bavaria. The German police, always wanted nothing better than getting to know everything they could about every one who would stand it, and under the present regulation every stranger within their gates has to reveal to them his or her innermost secrets.

They write down on a long and complicated form who you are, what you are, why you are, where you were born, where you came from, where you are going, how long you mean to stay; they stand no nonsense about this; if you don't know your own mind they make it up for you, and various intimate questions about your patronage. And the gentleman who puts you through this inquisition takes your passport away from you and refuses to give it up until you have disbursed several thousand marks.—Londay Daily Telegraph.

### A POSER.

Although a congressman is supposed to be posted on everything and capable of giving advice on every subject that comes along, occasionally some fellow puts up a question that is too deep for him. A case in point was a letter Tom McKeown received a few days ago from a man in Texas. He explained that although he did not live in this district, he thought perhaps the Oklahoma congressman might be able to give him a pointer on how to proceed in having a crooked Republican office holder removed. That was too hard a question for Tom to pass an opinion on.

No doubt there is something in heredity, but not as much as was once supposed when everything depended on the accident of a man's birth. In the days when France was ruled by kings no man was eligible to be an officer in the army unless he could prove that for at least four generations his family had been of nobility. It was not much better among other nations at that time. Napoleon was the first to depart from this idea and set up achievement as the standard. He cared nothing for a man's ancestry, it all depended on the ability of the man himself. Even a private in the ranks might hope to be a general some day and some of them were. It is well to come of a good lineage, but in these days the world, like Napoleon, demands that the individual rise through his own ability. America has led the world in applying this standard. It has never mattered who the parents of a man were, it is what the man himself does that counts.

Occasionally a rumor is heard from the direction of Washington to the effect that Thomas P. Gore may possibly try to stage a comeback next year by entering the race against Robert L. Owen, who has announced as a candidate for another term in the senate. While we can not vouch for the rumors, the fight will be one to be remembered if Gore should throw his hat in the ring. The two men spent 14 years as colleagues in the senate and neither would have anything on the other in regard to what did and what did not take place. Both could tell some tales out of school and probably would before the campaign had progressed very far.

A crystal gazer at Ardmore replied through the Ardmoreite to a whole string of inquiries concerning various events the questioners asked him about. One fellow was assured that there was a chance for him to get married during the year, another was told that there was no reason why he and his wife could not be happy together, still another is promised a return on some investment. One woman is advised not to believe all the tales she hears about her husband. The last named reply indicates that the star gazer is a married man himself hence the soundness of the advice.

A former police captain at Oklahoma City faces a charge of larceny in the federal court as a result of a raid on a car of Four Roses in the railroad yards of that city some weeks ago. It is said that a considerable number of cases were taken to police station and that when ordered to return it four cases were found missing. Evidently this brand is scarce at the capital, otherwise the accused officer might have replaced the missing cases.

It is reported that Congressman Pringley has his eye on the Republican nomination for the United States senatorship next year. However, there is wide difference between a nomination and an election, as a whole boat load of Republican nominees who went up Salt river in November can testify.

An Englishman just returned from a secret tour of Russia states that bolshevism is on the wane. That is what they have been saying for the past five years, but somehow it still hangs on.

The Turks proved hard customers to deal with at Lausanne but another effort will be made to reach an agreement and save Europe from another war.

If any one doubted that the ground hog say his shadow Friday, he has probably changed his opinion by this time.

## "WHENCE ALL BUT HE HAD FLED!"



### Return of German-Owned Property.

(Oklahoman)

German properties seized by the American government during the war and valued at \$10,000 or less are to be returned to their owners and restitution of \$10,000 is to be made on German properties of a value in excess of that amount, if the recommendation of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce is carried into effect. This is to be done regardless of the action Germany may take concerning the restoration of American money and other American property seized in Germany and concerning the payment of the large war claims which Americans have against Germany as a result of the operation of German submarines.

Congressman Sanders maintained that all German property should be returned immediately "as a humanitarian measure."

The committee very properly voted down that suggestion. It should also have disapproved any plan to return any of the German-owned property until Germany has restored all American property seized during the war and has made payment in full of the war claims of our citizens against her. American money taken by Germany from German banks should be restored, not on the basis of the value of the mark, now, but of its value at the time the money was seized.

In the meantime, the United States, while holding the German-owned property seized during the war, should not be idle in regard to collecting what Germany owes citizens of this country.

The American government should get some iron into its system, and change its amiable condition into one of a vigorous nature. It should demonstrate that it is no go-getter. It should ask, or demand, if necessary, a place on the allied reparations commission, and insist on America's having her share of the money collected from Germany. If the American government does not do that, it probably will be centuries before the American claims will be paid, if they are paid at all.

Women to the Front in Oklahoma.

(Chickasha Express)

The last political campaign in Oklahoma saw many women on the "tiring line" throughout the state and when election day came they were just as active at the polls. In both parties they showed zeal and ability as organizers and in all phases of the game of vote-getting. Quite naturally, following a campaign in which they played such a part, find them receiving recognition when the "piums" are passed out. Governor Walton has evidently sought to give the "fair sex" a generous expression of gratitude for the service they rendered to his cause and as a consequence a number of good appointments have gone to them. Harlow's Weekly gives some interesting information concerning the women in public life in Oklahoma.

Most important of the appointments going to women is that of Mrs. Pat Nagle, of Kingfisher, as a member of the State Board of Public Affairs. This board does all of the purchasing for the state and millions of dollars are paid out under its authority.

Mrs. Katherine Van Lueven, assistant attorney general for several years, has been re-appointed to same position by Attorney General Short.

and Miss Maud Smith is retained as secretary to the president of the State Board of Agriculture. In the office of Colonel Sneed, secretary of state, Miss Una Roberts is first assistant secretary.

Mrs. Pay Robin is a member of the Industrial Commission, a position she has held for some time, and it is said that only one of her decisions has been reversed by the supreme court.

Mrs. J. J. Schwoerke, who served on the State Library Commission under Governor Robertson, has been made a member of the Board of Regents of the State University. She has been prominent in civic and social work in Oklahoma City, having served as president of the City Federation of Women's Clubs.

Mrs. Antoinette Sebastian, of Guthrie, graduate of Hamilton College, Lexington, Ky., has been appointed Register of Vital Statistics in the State Health Department, and Mrs. Walker Benson, of Oklahoma City, has been made head of the Child Welfare and Maternity Bureau. The latter is president of the state organization of War Mothers and is prominent in the U. S. C. school and church circles.

Mrs. Jessie Moore is deputy clerk of the supreme court. She was the first Indian woman to be admitted to the bar in Oklahoma.

It should be noted also that women won many elective offices in the state. Mrs. Mabel Bassett of Sapulpa, was chosen as State Commissioner of Charities and Corrections, while Mrs. Anderson, of Creek county; Mrs. Mitchell of Payne county; and Mrs. Laskey of Oklahoma county, are members of the lower branch of the legislature, and Mrs. Looney, of Hollis, represents two counties in the senate.

### Sleepers Added to New Train Schedule Between Two Cities

(By the Associated Press)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5. — Through sleeping cars between Wichita Falls, Texas and Oklahoma City will be scheduled at once as the result of a new train which is being run on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad between Wichita Falls and Elk City, Okla., according to an announcement made

### MICKIE SAYS—

A FEW NICKELS WILL PAY FOR AN AD TO SELL TH' STOVE. ER FIND A JOB, BUY TO BUILD UP A STEADY LOYAL PATRONAGE, YA GOTTA HAVE A FAIR-SIZED AD AN' RUN IT REG'LAR!



## REHABILITATION WORK INCREASED

Service for Workers Disabled in Industries on Steady Incline.

(By the Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON.—Rapid development in the Federal-State rehabilitation service for workers disabled in industry or otherwise during the fiscal year, 1921-22, was reported today by Harry L. Fidler, Vice-Chairman of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, the report showing 15,407 new cases registered during the year ending June 30, 1922. This compares with a registration for 1920-21 of only 3,893. Workers rehabilitated during the year numbered 1,890, as compared with 457 rehabilitated in 1920-21. On June 30th, 1922, the number of live cases on the rolls of the service approximated 8,147.

This work should not be confused with the Veteran rehabilitation service which is under the Veterans Bureau, says Mr. Fidler, as it is a distinctly separate agency.

The rehabilitation service was established by Congress by the Act of June 2nd, 1920, as a Division of the Federal Board for Vocational Education. Under the acts provisions the Federal Government allots to the states an annual grant of \$750,000 the first year, and \$1,000,000 for the three succeeding years for the purpose of administering Vocational training to disabled civilian workers. This training seeks to enable the workers to overcome their handicaps and fit them to re-enter profitable employment. The states receive the Federal funds on condition that they match the Federal grants dollar for dollar by State and local expenditure.

Prior to the passage of the Federal Act, only six states were engaged in civilian rehabilitation work. To date, 34 states have accepted the provisions of the Federal Act and have set up rehabilitation machinery. A total of \$735,683.38 was expended by the states for rehabilitation during the year 1921-22, of which \$314,973.43 represented federal funds, and \$404,695.42 state funds. The growth of the service during the year may be seen when it is realized that the total expenditure, from all sources for the year 1920-21 was only \$270,812.33. The service is not restricted to workers disabled in industry. Workers disabled by public accidents or disease are equally eligible for



training. For the year 1921-22, there was 7,708 cases which originated in employment accident, 1,853 cases which originated in public accidents, and 3,040 cases which originated in disease.

While the costs of rehabilitation have not been standardized in the States, the State of Ohio reported for last year an average cost for each completely rehabilitated case of \$137.36.

### ROTARY CLUBS ORGANIZED IN MEXICAN CITIES

MEXICO CITY.—International Rotary is firmly implanted in Mexico, and flourishing clubs are now established in Mexico City, Veracruz, Monterey and Guadalajara. Under the direction of F. W. Teele, who at the last convention of International Rotary was named organizer in Mexico and Central America, other clubs are to be established in at least five other Mexican cities. The Mexico City club meets every Tuesday and one meeting each month is devoted to Mexican members and all business on this day is conducted in Spanish.

## Itching PILES

PAZO OINTMENT instantly Relieves ITCHING PILES and you can get restful sleep after the first application.

All druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of ITCHING, BLIND, BLEEDING or PROTRUDING PILES. Cures ordinary cases in 6 days, the worst cases in 14 days. 60c.

## Free At Stores Named Below One 10-Day Tube

This week only, any store named below will hand you a 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent. Just present the coupon. Make this test now and watch the delightful effects. It will be a revelation.

It multiplies the alkalinity of the saliva. That is there to neutralize the acids which cause decay. Thus Nature's great tooth-protecting agents are given manifold effect, while soap-and-chalk pastes reduce their power.

These results are bringing a new dental era in millions of homes the world over. And these whiter, safer, cleaner teeth mean life-long benefits. When you find them out, you will want your people to enjoy them.



### They use it

The dainty people you see, who show white teeth, are probably users of Pepsodent. You see them everywhere. To women it means new beauty, new charm; to men new cleanliness. To children it means new protection against troubles you have had.

Present the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear.

A few days will convince you that this is a method essential to you and yours. Cut out the coupon so you won't forget.



## Look Next Week

See how teeth glisten when the film goes Note what beauty you have gained

For your sake and your family's sake, start making this test today. Then look next week and see the changes that occur. Millions of people of fifty nations are now brushing teeth in this new way. Dentists everywhere are urging them to do it. You can see the results wherever you look—in teeth that glisten as they never did before.

Now see them on your own teeth. Go-get this free tube at your store.

### Film makes teeth dingy

You feel on your teeth a viscous film. It clings to teeth, gets between the teeth and stays. Food stains, etc., cloud that film. Then it forms a thin dingy coat. Film is also the basis of tartar.

The ordinary tooth paste leaves much of that film intact. Thus most people's teeth, until lately, were clouded more or less. Beautiful teeth were less common.

Film also holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Germs breed by millions in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

Most tooth troubles are now traced to film. And, despite the tooth brush, they become almost universal.

### Now millions combat it

Dental science has, for long, sought ways to fight that film. Two effective methods have been found. Able authorities, by careful tests, proved them beyond question. Now millions of people are using them daily, largely by dental advice.

One method acts to curdle film, the other to remove it. And this is done without the use of any harmful scouring agent.

A new-type tooth paste has been created, based on modern research. It includes some new essentials and avoids some old mistakes. The name is Pepsodent. These two great film combatants are embodied in it.

### Some Pepsodent effects

Film coats are more readily combated. The teeth become highly polished, so film less easily adheres. Pepsodent also multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva. That is there to digest starch deposits which may otherwise ferment and form acids.

**Pepsodent**  
PAT. OFF.  
REG. U.S.  
The New-Day Dentifrice

Now advised by leading dentists the world over

## 10-Day Tube Free

(Only one tube to a family)

Insert your name and address, then present this coupon this week to any store named below. You will be presented with a 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent. If you live out of town, mail coupon to The Pepsodent Company, 1104 So. Wabash Avenue, Chicago, and tube will be sent by mail.

Present coupon to

**GWIN & MAYS**  
Drug Company



## City Briefs

Master Carl Luther is reported ill with influenza this week.

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

A. O. Woods is confined to his bed with a case of flu.

Have your photo made at West's.

W. K. Newcomb of Okemah spent the week-end with relatives here.

Thompson's Drug Store can handle your drug wants. 1-7-14

W. E. Adkins of South High school avenue has the flu.

Alcohol for your radiator. Ada Service and Filling Station. 2-1-51

Mrs. D. E. Price is suffering with the flu.

Russell Battery Co. Willard Service and sales. Phone 140. 8-6-1m

Mike Derrick, son of M. G. Derrick, left for Oklahoma City yesterday.

Motor Sales Co.—Parts and accessories for all cars. 3-4-1me

Miss Bernice Roach is suffering with the flu. Her condition is not very favorable.

Bring your prescriptions to Thompson's Drug Store. 1-7-14

Mrs. Josie Kirby who has been quite ill with the flu is improving slowly.

Buy your drugs at Thompson's Drug Store. 1-7-14

Mrs. Clint Ballard of Dallas, Texas, is visiting for a few weeks with Mrs. S. Becker and Mrs. H. Hager.

With our new Hollywood lights we make pretty photographs from all faces. Stalls Studio. Phone 34. 1-2-1mo.

Mr. and Mrs. Hulen Burk announce the arrival of a ten pound son. Their home is in the Smith apartments on East Fifteenth.

Wozencraft's Drug Store, the home of personal service. 11-14-14

Mrs. Fred Forrey and son of Porter, arrived last night to visit Mr. and Mrs. Miles Grigsby, 212 East Twelfth street.

We buy second hand furniture, paying best prices. Phone 433. Shelton Furniture Co. 11-9-14

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Chambers, 705 East Ninth street report the arrival of a bouncing boy. His name is Richard Lee.

Soda service supreme—Light lunches, hot and cold drinks, candies and cigars. Wozencraft's Drug Store. 11-14-14

Thomas Steed, formerly reporter on the News, but now with the Oklahoma, was in Ada today. He is making good in his new position and is well pleased with the work.

Best prices paid for your second-hand furniture.—Shelton Furniture Co., Phone 433. 11-2-14

Mrs. Virginia Newcomb, mother of Professor R. S. Newcomb of the College faculty, left yesterday for a trip with friends at her old home at Lynchburg, Virginia.

McCarty Bros. can fix that old tire or tube. Phone 855. New location 116-18 S. Townsend. 7-7-1mo

Miss Lula Joyce of Bartlett, Texas, who has been an employee of Higginbotham's in Dallas, has arrived in Ada to assist Mrs. King in the millinery department at Burks.

We buy second hand furniture.—Shelton Furniture Co., phone 433.

The temperature Sunday ranged from 14 to 25 degrees. The minimum was two degrees higher than for the preceding day, although the wind made it feel colder. On the other hand, the thermometer lacked two degrees reaching the high mark of Saturday.

Crank case not only drained but washed free. A-1 Filling Station. 4-1-1mo

George D. Morgan, geologist for the Empire Gas & Fuel company, delivered a lecture to the geologists of the state at Tulsa Saturday night, according to the Tulsa World. Mr. Morgan has spent many months working out the geology of this section of the state and is well qualified to discuss it.

### FIVE PERSONS INJURED IN WICHITA, KANSAS FIRE

(By the Associated Press)  
WICHITA, Kansas, Feb. 5.—Two are dead, one missing and eight dangerously burned was the known toll this afternoon of fire which early today destroyed the four-story Ghetto apartment house.

WICHITA, Kas., Feb. 5.—At least five persons were injured, some of them so severely that they are not expected to live, and four others are believed dead as the result of an early morning fire in the Ghetto building, one of Wichita's landmarks. The fire left only a four-story brick wall, and a mass of wreckage and tangled wires where the building had stood.

Try News Want Ads for results.

## NEWS NOTES FROM MOVIELAND

Unknown to film fans in this country, Lewis Dayton, who is playing opposite Dorothy Phillips in "The White Frontier," is a star in his own right in Europe. Shortly before coming to this country he achieved prominence on the English screen in "The Mystery of Bernard Brown." Previous to that he had won his laurels as a film actor with various British companies and had played in the Famous Players foreign production of "The Great Day."

Dayton's stage experience brought him into the support of most of the well-known English stars and with them he toured through the British Isles, Italy, Holland, Switzerland, Germany and Egypt.

His first visit to America came in 1907. He had embarked on a cattle ranch venture in Canada and he visited the United States during that period. Dayton possesses all the qualifications a film actor needs to flutter the feminine hearts. Well built even for his seventy-three, inches, he has dark brown hair, brown eyes and looks like a regular fellow.

**"Vanity Fair" Completed**  
Hugo Ballin has completed work on "Vanity Fair" in which his wife, Mabel Ballin plays the leading part. The picture which was made on the west coast is now in the process of editing and titling. The Ballins expect to return to New York next month.

**Engagement Denounced**  
Mary Thurman and Allan Dwan ask that a denial of their rumored engagement be printed. We herewith comply with the request. We are always glad to announce that some of the favorite stars are engaged or that some of them deny their engagement, particularly when some one else has printed the opposite. But we now ask you, Mary and Allen, don't go and get engaged. If you do you won't get a line, so there.

**How They Started**  
King Vidor, whom Goldwyn has recently signed on a long-term contract to direct big productions, began his screen career by selling a scenario down in Galveston, Texas, when he was eighteen years old. That was ten years ago—Vidor now is only twenty-eight, the youngest featured director in the industry.

You'd never suspect, to watch her screen portrayals today, that Helene Chadwick began her screen career as a western heroine. They wanted a girl to ride horseback, and Helene could, expertly, so she got the part. Her next role will be that of a young wife in Rupert Hughes' picture, "Gimme."

**Legislative Bill Puts End To Boxing Sport in State; Revival of Interest Needed**

(By the Associated Press)  
OKLAHOMA CITY.—Boxing in Oklahoma is almost a forgotten sport, no one apparently wishing to undertake the measures necessary to revive it and obtain the repeal of the present law and the creation of a boxing commission, according to Charles H. Brill, sporting editor of the Daily Oklahoman and one of the state's leading exponents of the fist game.

"The law passed in 1910 by the state legislature has strangled boxing, until now it is dying a sporadic death while a few 'ham and egg'ers are the only ones to carry on in the small towns of the state," Brill says.

The last month has seen the suspension of the Drovers Athletic club in Oklahoma City, which sponsored big matches in the western part of the state, and the leading club in Tulsa which was a rallying point in the eastern section. There is no more boxing in any of the bigger towns, Brill said.

Under the law now in force, football, basketball, or any other sport which might be classed as a "personal encounter," is prohibited, according to Brill.

The passage of resolutions by the legislature on the eve of the holding of the match by the Drovers club here as a part of the governor's inaugural celebration, while it did not halt the match, kept so many people away because they thought it had been called off that the promoters suffered heavy losses, according to Brill, and called off a big match scheduled for Feb. 22.

"That was the final straw that broke the proverbial camel's back," according to Brill, bringing on the suspension of the club.

Not until a law is passed which will define prize-fighting and boxing differentiate between the two and, while prohibiting prize-fighting will provide for and regulate boxing, will the many art of self defense be revived in the state as a sport, Brill said.

Ever since the present law was first passed Brill has headed the lists in efforts to have it altered. His first move was made in the 1912 legislature, and he has framed four bills which have failed to pass four legislatures since that time.

The latest effort was recorded in 1920, when the bill was passed in the house only to fail by one vote in the senate at the final vote. Twenty-two votes were needed, Brill recounts, and twenty-one were cast for the bill, with seventeen against it.

Now, Brill said, he is willing to sit back and let someone else take the lead.

The bill which failed in 1920, provided for a commission of three members which would govern boxing in the state, passing on all proposed matches, fixing rules and regulations for each, and it provided for the licensing of all persons having to do with the holding of matches, including clubs, referees, judges, time-keepers, physicians, boxers, managers and seconds. The income from the licenses Brill estimated at \$45,000 going on past records, and the expenses which would have accumulated by the functioning of the commission were fixed at not more than \$18,000, leaving a wide margin assuring that the state would have no expense and that the commission would be self-supporting.

The bill defined both boxing and prize-fighting, and prohibited the latter. The commission would have

been composed of three members, of which only the chairman would have also acted as secretary would have been a paid official.

According to Brill the present session of the legislature is the best time a boxing bill has ever had a chance to pass.

"With the well known liberal tendencies of the present administration I believe such a measure as the one I wrote in 1920 would have a chance to go through with a bang, if someone could be interested enough to offer it," Brill said.

That the death of boxing has marked the passing of an industry worth more than \$1,000,000, is Brill's estimation. He has records which he says show that conservative figures of three years ago placed gate receipts at matches over the state at more than \$750,000.



Lewis Dayton.

**Information of Grand Jury Told**  
(Continued from Page One)  
The hearing, Gilbreath testified that the original and two file copies had been made and that he did not know where they went to, saying that he had left the copies in the room for Judge Bolen. Gilbreath stated that he did not know how the transcript reached the grand jury. Although Gilbreath recognized the transcript presented in court as the original, he stated that his certificate was not on the paper. Gilbreath further stated that the witnesses had not signed the transcript.

**Mathis Received No Complaints**  
H. F. Mathis, acting county attorney during the time of the court of inquiry and for some time previous, stated that he had received no complaints concerning irregularities in the office of Mayor W. H. Fisher. Mathis stated that he had not asked for the court of inquiry and took no part in the conducting of it.

Walter Ford, foreman of the grand jury, did not recall any of the dates of the grand jury action. He admitted that Joe Carter was not an original member of the grand jury. Ford when grilled by Freeling stated that he did not know where the documentary evidence came from or what went with it. Ford answered "yes" to the question of Freeling that "Dean told you that the documentary evidence had been sworn to." After several questions, which Ford couldn't refresh his memory on, Freeling ended by stating "You can't remember much about this grand jury, Mr. Ford."

Charlie Deaver, city finance commissioner, testified that he had explained the matter of Mayor Fisher making reports. He stated before the hearing that he had told the grand jury that Fisher had made regular monthly reports but had not made quarterly reports because of there being no funds set aside for this expenditure by the excise board.

"Honest Bill" Newton testified that he had told the grand jury that Fisher had promised personally and in public addresses that he would appoint a member or members of the American Legion to offices in the city but admitted that he had mentioned no certain man for an appointment.

CHICKASHA.—Col. James A. Temple, a pioneer citizen of Chickasha, died Wednesday afternoon.

## In Society

Mrs. Byron Norrell, Editor  
Phone 998 between 10 a. m. and 12  
Phone 807 between 1 p. m. and 3

Pupils of Mrs. W. M. Emanuel and Miss Julia Nicholson will give a Piano-Expression Recital, State Teachers' College, Tuesday, Feb. 6th 7:30 p. m.

Finger's Dance—  
Cradle Song—

Rags, Old Iron—  
Folk Dance—

Twinkle Toes—  
Serenade—

Dressing Up—  
Chinese Lanterns—

When Thomas Takes His Pen Hill  
The Children Entertain the Bishop

Three Valses—  
A Tailor and A Bear—

My Family—  
By the Sea—

Dedication—  
No Place for Boys—

To a Wild Rose—  
From an Indian Lodge—

Wedding Music—  
Playing Lady—

To Spring—  
Remembrance—

Prelude—  
The Last Word—

Shadow Dance—  
Reading—

In the Hall of the Mountain King  
Maurine German

MISS BUTLER ENTERTAINS  
SENIOR PREP. CLASS

The Senior Preparatory Class of the East Central State College met with Miss Lorene Butler, Friday evening at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Huber, 807 East Sixth street.

The time was spent in card playing and various contests. Special music was furnished by Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Huber.

At a late hour refreshments consisting of cream and cake was served to the following class members and their friends: Misses Jewel Crumby, Mabel Eaton, Maud Southernland, Thelma Bernard, Emilie Dawson, Claudia Thomas, Fannie Henderson, Daisy Hawkins, Hazel Chadd, Ethel Studrevant, Maxine Naylor, Esther Sutherland, Georgia Walker, Willie Mae Bill, Mattie Sneed, Georgia Lee Clark, Aramita Little, Abbie Huber and Norrine Butler. Messrs Dewey Gilmore, Claude Forum, Byrl McKee, Brownell Kaufman, Jim Hamilton, Clayborn Holley, Edmund Lowe, Agnew Standridge, Clifford Elliot and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Huber. Class Reporter.

**T. T. T. CLUB IS NEW ORGANIZATION**  
A number of College girls met Thursday, Feb. 1st for the purpose of organizing a club all for fun. The club was named T. T. T. It is both suggestive and appropriate for the purpose, but is prohibitive to outsiders. Much good is expected to come from this organization. The officers elected were Daisy Hawkins, president; Mabel Eaton, vice-president; Thelma Bronough, secretary and treasurer; Osie Neblett, club editor.—Reporter.

**SAVAGE-ABNEY**  
The marriage of Mr. William R. Savage of Blanco and Miss Nora Abney of Ada was solemnized at Eufala January 7.

Mrs. Savage is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Abney of Ada, and grew to womanhood in this city, where she was a favorite among a large circle of young people. She has been teaching at Blanco for the past several months.

In Rome, an opera singer's wife lost a ring worth 10,000 Italian lire, but not worth as much as one good American liar.

**HOARSENESS**  
Swallow slowly small pieces—  
rub well over the throat.

**VICKS VAPORUB**  
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

**Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic**  
Is an Excellent Tonic for Women and Children. 60c

**Health!**  
expel impurities with  
Dr. KING'S PILLS  
for constipation

**COCON**

## Many Reforms in Japanese Theatre Benefit Audience

(By the Associated Press)

TOKIO.—Japanese actors and actresses, by combined action have won two reforms which will benefit the public and reformers alike. The clacker, or hired applauder, whose charges were a heavy tax on the actors, has been abolished and performances are to be limited to six hours, except twice a year, when they may be extended eight hours.

In old days a performance would last from morning till night and women spectators would change dress during the performance. Even up to the present, tea, cakes and at least one meal were partaken of either in the dining room, if it be a foreign built theatre, or squatting on the mats without leaving one's seat, if it be the old style theatre.

When a famous actor is on the program he generally plays in more than one play. Charges vary from 1.50 yen for fourth class up to 8 yen or 10 yen for box seats.

When a foreign star appears, or a big charity performance has been organized, these seats go up to 15 yen. Seats at the Imperial Theatre are 6.50 and 7.50 yen for second and first class. In the smaller Yurakuza theatre, which devotes itself to modern productions, requiring less costuming, the prices are 3.50 and 5 yen.

For the No dance lasting from 8.30 to 9 p. m. a box can be had for 10 yen, while those who belong to the No club reserve seats for the whole year by a subscription of 1000 yen.

**Two Killed in Car Wreck.**  
(By the Associated Press)

FORT WORTH, Feb. 5.—Two men were killed and one injured early this morning when a M. K. & T. passenger train crashed into an automobile at a grade crossing in south Fort Worth. One of the injured ones may die, it was said.

Alfred Cockrell, driver of the car, died later, making the death toll two.

**AMERICAN TRANSPORT SHIP PROBABLY BE DELAYED**  
(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—It had been expected that the transport St. Michel, which is bringing home the American forces from the Rhine, would reach the light house at Savannah harbor by 8 o'clock Wednesday night, but a radiogram from the ship received during the night said it now appears impossible to make port on this schedule.

**Notice to Water Consumers**  
Remember your water bills are due and must be paid by the 10th.

J. C. DEAVER,  
2-4-6t Com. Accounting and Finance

**666 Cures, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue or Billious Fever.**

**MOTHER STATES AMAZING FACTS**

Mrs. Sharpe Declares Daughter Helpless for Months, Restored by Tanlac—Gains 45 Pounds.

"My daughter, who is now eighteen, says 'Tanlac and Mamma' are the dearest friends she has," recently stated Mrs. H. A. Sharpe, 2504 N. street, Richmond, Va.

"Alma first began to have slight trouble with her stomach and soon rheumatism developed all over her body. When she began taking Tanlac she had been in bed seven months and was as helpless as an infant. She grew so pale and thin it brought tears to my eyes, for I had little hope of her getting well."

"After a few doses of Tanlac she asked for something to eat and soon she was sleeping better and complaining less. Her improvement from then on was rapid and I was the happiest woman in the world when I saw her health was restored. She now weighs one hundred and forty-five pounds, which makes a gain of forty-five pounds, and her cheeks are like roses. Tanlac will have my life long praise."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists.  
Over 35-million bottles sold.

**ACCURACY Is Our Motto**

There is nothing so important as your eyesight. And there is nothing so important to their welfare as accurately fitted glasses.

You can depend upon any lenses we make for you. Your doctor will tell you.

**COCON**

**Shaw's DEPARTMENT STORE**

**Why not spend your Winter Vacation in California the land of no-winter**

There are many famous resort hotels, cozy inns and pretty bungalows. Fine schools for the children, too.

You will find wonderful motor highways; golf links to test your mettle; bathing, fishing, the old Missions.

You will be charmed by the Southern California winter—a veritable summertime.

The journey is a pleasure.

Grand Canyon National Park is open all year 'round.

Fred Harvey meals all the way.

Will be glad to send you our free booklets on the Grand Canyon and California. Write or call for details, rates, reservations, etc.

J. H. SHACKLEFORD  
Phone 23  
Ada, Okla.

**Delay Doesn't Pay Break That Cold Today**

**CASCARA QUININE**  
CHECKS Colds in 24 hours—la grippe in 3 days. Quickly relieves Headaches. Tablet form. Standard remedy world over. Demand red box bearing Mr. Hill's portrait and signature.  
At All Druggists—30 Cents  
W. H. HILL COMPANY (E-125) DETROIT, MICH.

**Why not spend your Winter Vacation in California the land of no-winter**



## An Architectural Triumph

By KAY P. ALLEN

(©, 1922, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The occasion of their first meeting was ludicrous, to say the least. Burton recalls it now with a half-hearted grin, and Lois dates all important events from the day that she first heard his knock at the back door of her cottage.

Wing, Burton's Japanese boy, was making a cake and discovered that he lacked the necessary cupful of sugar. Being very obliging, and incidentally fond of cake, Burton consented to go in search of some sugar. Armed with a glass measuring cup, and feeling rather foolish, he started up the shore.

Lois saw him coming through the pines, a tall, bronzed fellow in soiled white duck navy trousers and blue jersey, and she fluttered to her mirror, instinctively.

"You want to borrow a cupful of sugar, I'll bet a cookie," she said, answering his knock.

He swept the small white hat from his head and handed her the cup, grinning.

"You win the cookie! Wing forgot to bring sugar from the village this morning, and we simply must have a cake for lunch."

"Of course you must," she agreed. "I met Wing this morning down at the wharf in the village waiting for the launch, and I gave him a lift. That's how I knew you wanted sugar. The poor man discovered his loss on the way up the lake."

Lois went into the tiny kitchen to fill the cup, and Burton seated himself on the rail.

"Now, why didn't I go to the village for the supplies instead of sending Wing?" he asked himself in disgust.

When there seemed to be no excuse for staying any longer, Burton took his precious sugar and rose to go.

"I'll return this sugar just as soon as I come back from the postoffice in the morning," he said. "It's awfully good of you to lend it to me."

"Oh, that's all right," protested Lois. "Don't be in a hurry to return it. Just send Wing up with it any old time."

Burton nodded in farewell and said, "I'll bring it up myself. Wing would probably spill it, or something."

"Perhaps he would, at that," smiled Lois. "But don't feel that you have to hurry."

Burton set out through the fragrant pine grove, carrying the cupful of sugar at arm's length, carefully and with exaggerated caution.

Lois happened to be at the wharf in her powerful little motorboat the next morning as Burton came down the path. Her surprise was real, but his was feigned, for he had watched the little red power boat for half a mile as it approached the village dock, and only left his hiding place around a bend of the path as she tossed the painter to a small, freckled boy.

"Good morning," she said, stepping up onto the wharf. "If you are going back up the lake, put your things in the 'Streak' and I'll be back in a minute."

Joyously, Burton tossed his bundles and his sweater into the boat and waited for her to come back from the boat house with the basket of groceries that had been left there for her.

"Lovely morning, isn't it?" she said over her shoulder as they headed out across the lake. Burton agreed with her willingly.

"I've been up since dawn and have done a day's work already," he told her.

"Oh, you up here to work, too?" she said, surprised.

He nodded. "Working on some plans for a municipal hall my dad is presenting to his native town."

This information threw a new light on Burton's personality and interested Lois exceedingly. She thought he must have very liberal ideas, and that his architectural plans must reflect them. That afternoon when he brought the rough draft of the hall for her criticism this opinion was confirmed.

"That's only a draft," he explained. "I'll have to work pretty steadily to finish the thing up in time to take it to New York next Saturday."

Lois opened her eyes wide in astonishment. "I should say you will. I know something about drafting, and I think you will perform a miracle if you get it done by then. Does it have to be in New York on Saturday?"

"Positively not later than midnight," answered Burton.

Lois thought swiftly. "I wonder if I can't help you with the elevations and blue printing? I know quite a lot about that sort of thing."

"Would you?" cried Burton, and the next moment they were deep in a sea of calculations and specifications.

Wing saw very little of Burton the next few days, as he moved his drawing boards and instruments to the cottage up the shore, and even ate his meals there, after helping to prepare them in the ridiculously little kitchen. The two worked doggedly until darkness and weariness compelled them to stop. Then Lois would bring out her guitar and sing soft Spanish things to him in the moonlight on the little porch or out on the quiet lake.

Saturday morning found them at work on the little porch as the sun rose, and Burton's face wore a look of desperate determination that meant success. Lois was sure. He had told her that the plans must be in his father's hands before midnight on Saturday to avoid a final separation be-

tween father and son. The elder Burton had decided upon this means of forcing his idle, carefree son to go to work. Since leaving college, only sub-debs and golf tournaments had occupied the young man's attention, so that his father had grown disgusted.

"Cheerio," smiled Lois, waving a protractor. "We've got six hours to work yet."

"I'll have to take the launch that leaves in an hour," groaned Burton. "It's the only one till afternoon."

"Nonsense! I'll take you down the lake in the 'Streak'."

"You—you're a peach!" gulped Burton, and seized his T-square.

Campers along the shore watched the little red power boat scatter spray far out to each side as it shot through the water. A young man in a dark blue suit and straw hat, carrying a brief case and leather traveling bag, crouched behind the windshield to avoid the spray, and a girl in a scarlet blazer did wonders with controls and tiller, leaving the two small cottages far behind.

There was no one at the village wharf when they drew alongside. Burton tossed his bags up onto the wharf and turned to help Lois ashore.

"I don't think I'll stop, Ralph. You'd better hurry; it's train time, now."

"Hang the train! Lois, before I go, I—"

A minute later Lois was staring after him, her hand pressed to her startled lips. She whirled the starter thoughtfully, and went slowly back up the lake, to wait, with the memory of that kiss and the short sentence that accompanied it, until her architect returned.

## FANCIFUL NAME FOR BIRDS

Many Explanations as to How Feathered Specimens Became Known as Birds of Paradise.

When the earliest European voyagers reached the Moluccas, or Spice Islands, in search of cloves and nutmegs, which were then rare and precious spices, they were presented with the dried skins of strange and beautiful birds. The Malay traders gave them the name of "Manuk dewata," or God's birds; and the Portuguese, finding that the skins had no feet or wings, and not being able to learn anything authentic about them, called the birds "Passaros de Sol," or Birds of the Sun; while the learned Dutchmen, who wrote in Latin, called them "Avis paradisæus," or Paradise bird. One writer in 1598 said that no one had seen these birds alive, for they lived in the air, always turning toward the sun, and never lighting on the earth till they died; for they had neither feet nor wings.

More than a hundred years later another voyager wrote that he had seen specimens at Amboyna, and was told that they came to Banda to eat nutmegs, which intoxicated them and made them all fall down senseless, when they were killed by ants. Down to 1700 no perfect specimen had been seen in Europe, and absolutely nothing was known about them.

**Bullets Turned From Their Course.**  
At a rifle meeting in Switzerland it was discovered that the steel-jacketed bullets of the marksmen were swerved from their course by the influence of telegraph and telephone wires running alongside the range. Experiments were then made at Thun by placing four steel cables parallel with the range and about forty yards distant from it and sending a current of 8,000 volts through them. The effect, it is said, was to turn the bullets so far from their course that the deviation amounted to 24 yards on a range of 200 yards. The bullets on being taken from the targets were found to be magnetized. Next, on an artillery range of 3,000 yards the electro-magnetic influence was generated 200 yards in front of the targets and 40 yards to one side. The projectiles were swerved 14 degrees from a straight line.—Washington Star.

**Gas Production at a Glance.**  
The question of the conservation of natural gas led the Smithsonian Institution to construct a model which is exhibited in the national museum, showing all the steps between the production and utilization of this natural fuel. On account of the rapid decline in quantity of natural gas, the time is not very far off when many towns now using natural gas will have to use manufactured gas, and for this reason the Smithsonian Institution has just completed and placed on exhibition a model showing how manufactured gas is made and delivered to the home, and has in preparation a bulletin covering in detail the future manufactured gas situation for the purpose of bringing within the experience of the layman the salient features of both the natural and manufactured gas situations.

**Peculiar Milestone.**  
A recent picture showed one of three old milestones that are found on the old Bay road which runs from Boston to Portsmouth, N. H. Thousands of motorists pass it yearly, and the popular superstition is that it is a marker over the grave of a thief, whom our Puritan forefathers condemned to be buried, "where everybody might walk across his grave." There is a quaint inscription on the stone—written with the old-fashioned "s" which is like an up-to-date "t"—Job 30:23. "For I know that thou wilt bring me to death and to the house appointed for all living. 1710."

This milestone is to be found outside the old Wenham burying ground in Massachusetts, where it has stood for more than two hundred years.

one pupil in attendance. A parochial school in the village serves most of the children, and there are only five left to attend public school.

## Cotton Prices and Fire Losses

Nine Year Chart Shows Staple Down, Fire Loss Up; Staple Up, Fire Loss Down

From an inquiry into fire loss facts in ten cotton growing states comes an interesting comparison of cotton prices and fire losses which is exciting a great deal of discussion, not only in insurance circles, but also among State Fire Marshals and Insurance Commissioners. The facts as analyzed by R. H. Colcock, Jr., of New Orleans, a noted fire insurance authority, seem to indicate that:

ONE—When cotton prices rise the fire loss decreases.  
TWO—When cotton prices are near their peak and a future falling market is indicated by economic conditions, the fire loss rises.  
THREE—When cotton prices fall the fire loss rises.

The facts back of these indications are voluminous, but have been graphically set forth by the Glens Falls Insurance Company of New York State, in the accompanying chart and explanation.

The fire loss ratio is based on losses on all kinds of property in the ten cotton states.

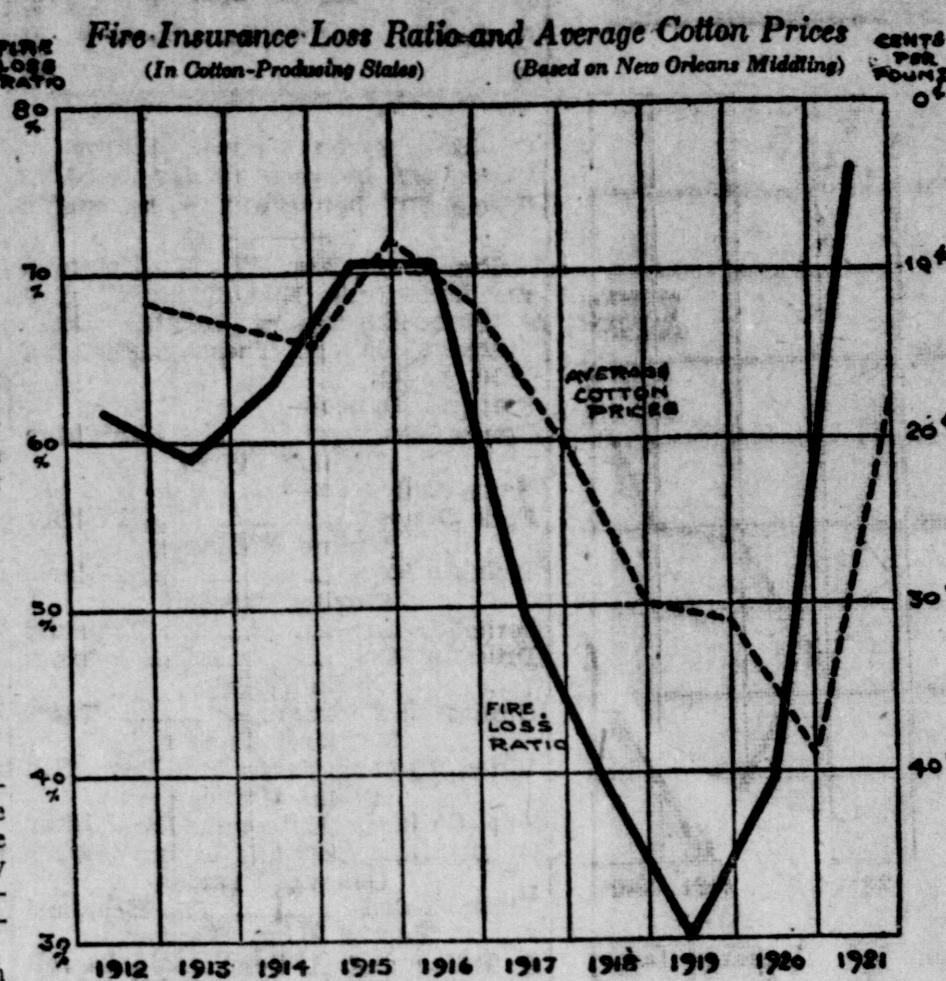
The record of cotton price fluctuations is in reverse, i.e., the dash line of cotton price indicates rising prices by descending and falling prices by ascending. The black line of fire loss ratio ascends as loss ratio increases and descends as ratio decreases. The chart is simplified by separating the explanation into four periods.

### First Period

The Dash Line—from a low price in 1912 cotton rose slightly during 1913 and 1914.

The Black Line—Fire loss ratio fell slightly in early 1913, rose slightly in late 1913 and early 1914. In the middle of 1914, it started on a sharp rise.

Analysis—Here is a falling fire loss ratio as cotton rises and a rising ratio as cotton continues its rise. In July, 1914, war was near, and the fire loss ratio rose. In August the World War began, and the rise was accelerated. It might then have been guessed that cotton would slump if the war lasted. The war did last, and cotton slumped. An approaching fall in the cotton market was accompanied by increase in the fire loss ratio exactly as in the case



© Glens Falls Insurance Co., New York

of an already fallen market. Do indicated periods of low prices tend to increase the moral hazard in fire insurance?

### Second Period

The Dash Line—Early in 1915, the slump in cotton arrived. It lasted until the end of 1915.

The Black Line—In 1915, the fire loss ratio increased as the cotton price decreased, reaching 70% in mid-year and holding that level during the balance of the year.

Analysis—Here is a low cotton price and a high fire loss ratio. Do low prices tend to increase the moral hazard in fire insurance?

### Third Period

The Dash Line—In 1916 cotton rose slightly, accelerating through 1917 and 1918, when it had risen from below 10c. to 30c., or about 200%.

The Black Line—The fire loss ratio held at the 1915 level for the first half of 1916 and then fell until in 1918 it had dropped to about 34%.

Analysis—Here is an exceptionally high cotton price and an exceptionally low fire loss ratio. Do high prices tend to eliminate

the moral hazard in fire insurance?

### Fourth Period

The Dash Line—In 1919 cotton's rise slackened, but continued. In 1920 it rose rapidly until it reached a peak just short of 40c. In 1921, it started a drop. From just below 40c. it fell to less than 20c. in a single year.

The Black Line—In 1919 the fire loss ratio continued to fall, reaching a low record of 30% in mid-year. Then came an amazing rise. By the end of 1919 the ratio had soared to 35%, at the end of 1920 was nearly 60%, and in 1921 at a high record of over 75%.

Analysis—Here is a situation similar to that of 1913-1914, but on a larger scale. At that time, with cotton still rising, but with a falling market ahead, the fire loss ratio began to increase months before the slump. So, again, in 1919-1920 with cotton price rising to its peak, but with a falling market approaching, the fire loss ratio skyrocketed months ahead of the cotton slump and, as in 1913-1914, continued upwards as cotton continued downward. Does an indicated era of low prices increase the moral hazard in fire insurance?

## Six Hundred Refugees are Handled Daily by Russian Relief During Past Year

MINSK, Russia.—The White Russian Republic has handled more than 600 refugees per day, coming from every section of Russia and Asia, and from Europe and America, during the last 10 months, ending November last.

There has passed through Kozirevo, the big concentration camp five versts from Minsk, 182,643 men, women and children, from January 1st to November 1st, going to and from Russia.

The part which the A. R. A. has played in keeping these people alive and in health, by issuing them American food, American medicines, and by minimizing the danger of cholera, typhus and other diseases prevalent in Russia, has been an important one.

Since the beginning of operations in White Russia, the A. R. A. has supplied rations to these refugees. Medicines followed, soon after a medical department was established, and later, a disinfecting machine, of the French army type, was installed, and a cleaner set of refugees any place would be difficult to locate.

The Government, realizing the importance of sending these people on their way in as healthy a state as possible, has taken pains to better their conditions. The Government itself has not been in a position to provide many of the necessities, but the officials in charge have called upon outside sources for the necessities, and have obtained them.

The Government succeeded in routing through Minsk and the refugees camp, Kozirevo, 144,371 men, women and children, classed as refugees, going to and from Poland, during the 10 months. This number, having the necessary documents of identification, and other requirements, was sent on its way.

With the exception of the Riga border, Minsk has been the most popular port of entry or exit to or from Russia. At Kozirevo today may be found dozens of refugees from Siberia, Manchuria, and even points near Petrograd and Moscow, who want to go to Europe or America, and have gone hundreds of versts out of their way to make their get away through Minsk.

Registering at Minsk, or held up because of official formalities, were 38,272 persons, who had to be fed, clothed, given medical attention and baths, during the 10 months. They received warm food daily—always an A. R. A. ration, prepared according to A. R. A. regulations. As a majority of them were Poles, they were not unfamiliar with American food and American ways of distributing the same.

In the barracks at Kozirevo may be seen "A. R. A." and "A. R. A. E. C. F." in Latin letters, and in red, white and blue colors, on many walls, showing the lettering was not done by a Russian, who doesn't know what the red, white and blue means, and who would spell it "A. P. A." any way.

The A. R. A. is feeding something like 1,000 of the refugees daily. It is likely that this number will be greatly decreased, in the near future, as the Government will require the refugees to care for themselves on entering White Russia.

## Mussolini Plans Reorganization Of Italian Guard

(By the Associated Press)

ROME.—The whole of the Italian police service is being reorganized under the government of Premier Mussolini. The Royal Carabinieri will remain as the principal police force of Italy, while the Royal Guards will be abolished and their personnel absorbed into the carabinieri. The number of detectives on the Italian police force will be increased from 6,000 to 12,000.

The Royal Carabinieri have been the backbone of the Italian police force for over a century. Their history is filled with glorious deeds connected with the rise and unity of all the separated Italian states. They are noted for their picturesque appearance, and present a colorful contrast to all the other police of Europe. Their tunics resemble the coat of an evening dress suit, with the tails bordered in deep red. Across the chest several wide strands of white leather cross each other, and are designed to carry their knapsacks. Their headgear consists of a large felt hat peculiarly shaped, and resembling the hat usually worn by Napoleon.

While the Royal Guards, which organization was instituted by former Premier Nitti, will be abolished, not all the guards will be taken into the Royal Carabinieri. The Royal Guards number approximately 40,000, and only half that number will find berths in the enlarged organization of Carabinieri. The remainder will be discharged. The addition of 20,000 Royal Guards to the Carabinieri's forces will increase the latter body to 80,000.

### FINE FEATURES OF BIG NEW PICTURE

Thrilling Scenes Abound in Action of "To Have and To Hold"

Pirates being thrown headlong from towering decks; swordfights while cannon boom; and a thrilling swing for life 130 feet across and over the deck of a rakish corsair craft—such are the thrill features of George Fitzmaurice's new Paramount picture production of "To Have and To Hold," with Betty Compson and Bert Lytell in the featured leads, aided by Theodore Kosloff and W. J. Ferguson in strong roles.

The pirate incidents were taken in the ocean off Balboa, Calif., aboard the old South Sea trading schooner "William G. Irwin," specially rebuilt for pirate purposes. A hundred tough looking pirates with swords, pistols, bandannas and all the other earmarks of their calling, from a vivid background, against which the principals play out their thrilling parts.

Mr. Fitzmaurice devoted much time to the closing scenes in the luxurious banquet room of the court of King James I of England. This sequence, with its wealth of gorgeous seventeenth century costumes, particularly those worn by Miss

Compton and Mr. Kosloff, is said to provide a strongly contrasting note to the color of the pirate scenes. In this banquet scene appear "in person" such notables as William Shakespeare, Ben Johnson and the Duke of Buckingham.

Ouida Bergere adapted "To Have and To Hold" from the famous romantic novel by Mary Johnston which was a best seller some years ago. The picture will be presented at the McSwain Theatre today. It should prove a strong drawing card.

## PRAGUE OFFERS NEW ADVANTAGE

Russian Students Welcomed In Schools at Capitol Of Czechoslovakia

PRAGUE.—The government of Czechoslovakia has consistently pursued a policy of welcome to Russian immigrants. At the outset of its existence, four years ago, it determined upon the far-sighted project of providing as best it could, under circumstances, for these refugees, and today it is giving positive support and excellent educational opportunities to an increasing number of Russian students. And at the same time it is witnessing the fruition of its generosity.

The government pays each Russian student from five to six hundred crowns a month, and in addition provides lodging in one of the Russian centers. There are three such large colonies of Russians in Prague, where more than two thousand men and three hundred women, both students and professors, find comfortable shelter. Married students as a rule live elsewhere, and consequently are given an extra allowance for living purposes. Moreover, there are numerous subsidized boarding houses where good food can be obtained at very low prices. This leaves each student with a little pocket-money so that the Slavic desires to hear good music or to go occasionally to the opera can be reasonably satisfied. At the special agricultural schools in the provinces, many of the students are lodged on farms so that they readily can get into touch with the practical end of their studies.

There are several thousand Russian specialists, educated in this country, ready today to go with their Czech colleagues back to Russia to work for the rehabilitation of their homeland. The presence of these men, at the head of an army of 20,000 skilled railroad men, which Czechoslovakia likewise has ready at a moment's call, naturally signifies an enormous potential advantage, and shows that this government is not asleep to the possibility and importance of developing her Eastern markets.

It does not take a shrewd observer to see that Czechoslovakia is building up an enormous amount of good-will throughout Russia, as well as with Russians temporarily abroad. Czechoslovakia is studying Russia from all points of view, and is becoming well acquainted with the psychology and temperament of the Russians, factors which play such an important part in any successful undertaking with them. Her Russian policy seems to be both sound and far-sighted, no matter what the future may have in store for her.

## AMERICAN LITERATURE PUT IN AUSTRIAN LIBRARY

(By the Associated Press)

VIENNA.—Oxford and Cambridge Universities recently presented a collection of valuable text and reference books to the Vienna University Library. The British Museum, many private authors, and a number of magazine and other publishers have followed suit with gratis consignments of their productions, printed during and since the war, and have furthermore promised to place the library on their free mailing list for periodicals formerly subscribed to but not dropped by the University for lack of funds.

The next article in this series will take up "Engagements."

## TAKE SALTS IF RHEUMATISM IS BOTHERING YOU

Tells Rheumatism Sufferers to Take Salts to Get Rid of Toxic Acid.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions it is one of the most painful. Those subject to rheumatism should eat no sweets for awhile, dress as warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure and above all, drink lots of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid or body waste matter, and is often generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this poison from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work; they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this toxic acid, which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain, called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is helpful to neutralize acidity, remove waste and stimulate the kidneys, thus helping to rid the blood of these rheumatic poisons.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism.

## Daily Lessons in Domestic Economy

Real economy consists of spending your money where you'll get the greatest satisfaction and service it is possible to get for the amount you spend.

It consists of weighing and choosing the things you would like to buy—selecting the ones that will give you the most enjoyment—then seeing that you get full dollar for dollar value.

Every day, simply by reading the advertisements, in this paper, you can take a lesson in household economics.

The advertisements teach efficiency in buying. They show you the best markets. They lighten your housework by telling you about the newest conveniences and labor-saving devices. They give you a line on a thousand and one things that will help you materially.



If you want a real lesson in economics—every day—read the advertisements.



## MUTT AND JEFF—It Was a Snappy Try-Out.

By Bud Fisher



# M.C. TAYLOR & CO. New Spring Suits with 2 pairs of pants: Come in and see them



The price of advertising under this head is 14 cents a word a day, with a minimum charge of 25 cents. If run by the month, the rate is \$1.25 a line. Except for those who run regular monthly advertising accounts, all classified advertisements must be paid for when given in.

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two corner rooms. Main and Broadway, Rollow Building. 2-5-61d

FOR RENT—4 room house on 18 and Cherry. See A. N. Wright. 2-5-11d

FOR RENT—Housekeeping apartment furnished, 423 East 9th. 2-3-31d

FOR RENT—Modern apartments, Telephone 691-R, 217 E 15th street. Smith Apartments. 1-31-1mo.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished apartment and bed rooms, 117 E. 14th. Mrs. Key. 1-23-1mo.

FOR RENT—Modern 5 room house partly furnished, 708 East Main street. R. C. Guest, Phone 1005-J. 2-4-21d

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two Ford touring cars at \$100 and \$125 each. W. T. Shelton. 2-4-11d

FOR SALE—250 Bois d'arc posts, 6 feet long. R. C. Guest, Phone 1005-J. 2-4-21d

FOR SALE—Goose feather beds, good condition, good price, 217 East 15th. 2-4-31d

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One Five room house on 16th and Johnson. W. T. Shelton at Shelton Furniture Co. 2-4-41d

FOR SALE—Ten full blood White Leghorn pullets, one cockerel, Ten Dollars. Eggs 75 cents setting. Mrs. C. D. Reeves, Rural Telephone. 2-2-31d

FOR SALE—Bargain, my home, 216 S. Miss. Also 5 room bungalow, 725 east 16th. South of Hays school. Easy terms. If you are interested in owning your own home. See B. C. Harbert, 520 East 14th or write Arney Harbert 1325 N. Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. 2-4-31d

## WANTED

WANTED—Second hand furniture. Will trade new for old. 208 E. Main or Phone 683. 1-8-1mo

Suits cleaned and pressed \$1.00. John Seybold, Tailor, Phone 665. 1-29-1mo

Try a News Want Ad for results.

## WANTED

WANTED—Best prices paid for second hand furniture. Phone 438. Shelton Furniture Co. 11-9-1mo.

WANTED—500 old mattresses to work over. Ada Mattress Factory. Phone 170. 400 E. 12 street. 11-7-11d

EARN \$20 weekly, spare time, at home, addressing, mailing, music, records. Send 10 for music, information, etc. American Music Co., 1658 Broadway, N. Y. 1-28-81d

## LOST

LOST—Gold eversharp pencil with "S. C. P." and rubber cap on end. Return to News office and receive reward. 2-5-21d

LOST—Between 200 block on East Twelfth and 1000 block on East Eighth, tan handbag, containing ladies' clothes. Return to Lowery Barber Shop, 211 East Main. 2-5-11d

## -Markets-

(These reports are furnished by the B. F. Avery Cotton Exchange, M. & P. Bank building.)

GRAIN MARKET

Wheat

Open High Low Close  
May 118 1/2 120 118 1/2 119 1/2  
July 113 1/2 114 113 1/2 114

Corn

Open High Low Close  
May 74 1/2 75 1/2 74 1/2 75 1/2  
July 74 1/2 75 1/2 74 1/2 75 1/2

Oats

Open High Low Close  
May 45 1/2 46 1/2 45 1/2 46 1/2  
July 42 1/2 43 1/2 42 1/2 43 1/2

New York Cotton

Open High Low Close  
March 27.70 27.94 27.53 27.90  
May 27.95 28.24 27.83 28.20  
July 27.40 27.71 27.33 27.67

New Orleans Cotton

Open High Low Close  
March 27.60 27.83 27.45 27.81  
May 27.70 27.90 27.35 27.67  
July 27.43 27.43 27.05 27.41

New York Spots 28.00

New Orleans Spots 28.00

Try News Want Ad for results.

## CO-OPERATIVE TO BID BROOM CORN

Oklahoma Growers Agree to Market Products Through New Exchange.

(By the Associated Press)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5.—One-fourth of all the broom corn produced in the United States will hereafter be marketed through the Oklahoma Broomcorn Growers' cooperative association, according to word received at headquarters here of the Oklahoma State Cotton Exchange, according to J. H. Pointer, Jr., secretary.

Oklahoma produces more than half the broom corn grown in the country, Pointer said. Half of the Oklahoma growers have pledged themselves to sell through the organization.

The broom corn situation is peculiar. It is pointed out, because, half of the total production of the United States is grown in six counties in Oklahoma. This, organizers say, has made the work of forming a cooperative association comparatively simple.

W. E. Shipp of Marlow has been one of the leaders in organizing the broomcorn growers, according to Pointer. In a statement setting out the aims of the organization, Shipp said:

"With the possible exception of cotton, broomcorn has probably suffered more from the evils of speculation than any other crop. The result has been wide variation in price which has invariably left the farmer holding the sack, while the speculators reaped a huge profit. Through organized effort we now propose to eliminate the speculators, thereby stabilizing the price, and to establish through the services of competent graders the true quality of the crop, and by expert sales service to sell direct to the manufacturer wherever possible, and thus save for the producer the profit which has heretofore gone to unnecessary middlemen."

It is pointed out that broomcorn growers are the third producers of a main Oklahoma crop to organize a cooperative association. First were the cotton growers, followed by the wheat growers.

The cotton growers of the state, according to Secretary Pointer, organized two years ago. Since that time the movement has spread over twelve southern states where cooperative cotton organization modeled on the "Oklahoma plan" are now functioning. All are federated thru a national body, The American Cotton Growers' Exchange.

Notice to Water Consumers  
Remember your water bills are due and must be paid by the 10th.

J. C. DEAYER, 2-4-61 Com. Accounting and Finance

## Exchange of Art Exhibitions Now Friendship Plan

(By the Associated Press)

STOCKHOLM.—The exchange of art exhibitions between Sweden and the United States as one of the newest means of fostering international understanding and friendship, has just received added impetus from the visit of Mr. Hower Saint-Gaudens, head of the Museum of the Carnegie Institute at Pittsburgh, who has come here to arrange a new exhibition of Swedish art in America.

Mr. Saint-Gaudens reports that Swedish painters are already well known at the Institute, since no less an artist than the late Anders Zorn had been commissioned to paint the portrait of Andrew Carnegie, which holds the place of honor in the Museum. The exhibition of Swedish art now being organized through the personal efforts of Mr. Saint-Gaudens will be a part of an international exhibition which after being shown in Pittsburgh, will be taken on tour through the principal cities of the United States.

Meanwhile, the authorities of the Jubilee Exposition which is to be held in Gothenburg, Sweden, this summer are busy unpacking and hanging a collection of paintings, drawings, lithographs, engravings, and sculpture sent from America to illustrate the work of American artists of Swedish birth or descent. Prominent among these exhibitors are Henry Reuterdaal, Birger Sandzen and John Carlson.

At the end of the Gothenburg Exposition a rare collection of Swedish industrial art products, including textiles, metal work, and Orrefors glassware, will be shipped

to the Museum in Newark, New Jersey, where the objects will be on exhibition before being sent on tour through the United States.

## PARISH CHAPEL.

Miss Myrtle Bundy of Yeager visited Miss Zell Lee Saturday night and Sunday.

Charlie Crane was in Stratford Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Lamb went to Ahloso Saturday.

Miss Jewell Isaacs visited her sister Mrs. Alma Farmer Sunday.

Floyd Lee has returned home from Ada.

Clarence Harrison of Bebee attended church at Parish Chapel Saturday and Sunday night.

Zelma and Leslie Check visited their aunt Sunday.

Georgia Mae Lee and Estelle Lamb motored to Ada Saturday.

Quite a few of this place attended the funeral service of Mr. Galey Sunday.

Donnie and Ethel Parnell left last Thursday for Guthrie where they will make it their future home.

Roger Woods also left Thursday for Oklahoma City.

Miss Zell Lee visited the school at Stratford last Thursday.

Rev. Luther Dryden has returned home from Seminole, Okla.

Miss Gladys Metcalf visited Miss Velma Dryden Sunday.

BERMUDA ONION PLANTS delivered to you by parcel post: 500 for \$1.00; 1000 for \$1.75. FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS: 500 for \$1.50; 1000 for \$2.50. We prepay postage, guarantee satisfaction and prompt shipment. Dealers wanted.

R. C. HADEN, Ladonia, Texas

## LODGES

I. O. O. F.—Ada Lodge No. 146, regular meeting every Thursday.—Ben Gaddis, N. G.; H. C. Evans, Sec'y.

Ada Chapter No. 78 O. E. S. meets second and fourth Thursday nights in each month.—Margaret Crawford, W. M.; Cora H. McKee, secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Magnolia Lodge No. 145, meets every Tuesday night. Visiting knights cordially invited.—C. C. Cluck, Chancellor; U. D. Williams, K. R. S.

K. T. M.—Ada Commandery No. 26, Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday night of each month.—J. C. DEAYER, E. C.; F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.—M. O. Matthews, W. M.; F. C. Sims, secretary.

R. A. M.—Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.—W. P. LEE, High Priest; F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

## Professional Directory

F. R. LAIRD  
DENTIST  
Office Phone 886 — Res. 639  
Office First National Bank Bldg.  
Ada, Oklahoma

Office Phone 1 Res. Phone 325  
ISHAM L. CUMMINGS  
PHYSICIAN  
SURGEON  
X-Ray Laboratory — Rollow Bldg.

DR. W. W. McDONOUGH  
Dentist  
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A share of patronage is solicited  
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"Eat a Lot of Ice Cream"  
GET IT FROM YOUR DEALER  
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Phone 647



DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—No, Grace Hasn't Named the Day Yet

BY F. LEIPZIGER



### Boll Weevil Poison in Fertilizer to be Tried by Whitehurst

(By the Associated Press)  
OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 5.—A boll weevil poison which is contained in fertilizer is to be tried out this year by John A. Whitehurst, president of the state board of agriculture, he has announced.

The poison, Whitehurst explained, is absorbed from the soil by the cotton plants, along with other moisture, and the weevil, "being a fastidious sort of a worm," will probably refuse to eat the squares and bolls on plants so contaminated.

But, Whitehurst said, if the weevil does continue to eat, the poison is supposed to be fatal to him.

Whitehurst said this latest extermination plan had been brought to his attention by J. H. Pointer, Jr., secretary of the Oklahoma State Cotton Exchange, who said it had been worked out and used with success in another state by a member of his family.

When our eyes rest upon some of the new ties, we wish men still wore long wishers.

**666 quickly relieves Colds, Billiousness and Headaches, and LaGrippe, Constipation**

### Farmers' Column

That the boys of Pontotoc county are very much interested in hogs was shown Saturday by the large number who came in spite of the cold and attended the drawing of the ten registered gilts given by the Merchants Association. The number who registered could not be ascertained, but it was quite large. Now with Agent Hill to advise them on the proper care of their pigs, these boys should be making a good showing in another year. By the time these boys begin to work for themselves they can be well informed on hog breeding and be ready to set a new mark.

When the First National bank of Ada decided to distribute a bunch of registered gilts to the boys of the county some six years ago Mr. Hill had to make trips to Texas and Kansas in order to find them as there were very few in Pontotoc county. Since then there has been a marked increase in pure bred animals and one finds some very fine hogs right here at home. The merchants made plans to keep the work going by specifying that every boy who received a gilt Saturday shall bring in one from the first litter before July 1, 1924. These ten will in turn be given to other boys and these in turn will do the same, thus spreading the pure bred stuff.

Mrs. Duvall reports excellent meetings of her girls clubs the past week at Parish Chapel, Center and Homer. Thursday the ladies of Pecan Grove club held their regular monthly meeting with Mrs. M. F. Dew as hostess. Fourteen were present and a very interesting program was rendered. The hostess served delicious refreshments at the close of the meeting. Mrs. Duvall states that hereafter the clubs will follow the program outlined by the A. & M. college.

**Grafting in Culling Alleged.**  
STILLWATER.—The wave of popularity with which the poultry industry is being accepted on Oklahoma farms has developed a new line of graft, according to a report which Lena Blair, home demonstration agent for Custer county, has sent to the Extension Division of the A. & M. College.

A man has been visiting Custer county fairs, Miss Blair reports culling for egg production and taking one hen in every twenty handled as his pay. Invariably, Miss Blair said, the man took fat hens. He has developed quite an extensive business when a request that he select a breeding pen revealed that he didn't know much about culling.

Home and farm demonstration agents conduct culling demonstrations without charge. It's part of their business. One of the principles they observe, however, is that this season of the year is the wrong time to cull; that work should be done in the late summer and fall, they say.

**Lime for the Garden.**  
By F. M. ROLFS, Professor of Horticulture Oklahoma A. and M. College  
Much has been said about the value of lime for the general farm crop but little attention has been given to its use for the garden. The garden soil is more intensively cropped than the fields and its physical and chemical condition should be looked after as well as those of the fields.

Garden crops are injured by sour soils or soils short in the supply of lime. This is especially true of the legumes such as peas and beans and of the vegetable crops such as lettuce, spinach, cabbage and celery and root crops such as cauliflower, carrots and turnips. Soils deficient in lime fail to supply the needed plant food fast enough for the garden crops which grow rapidly and make a heavy demand on the soil. The lime not only satisfies the plant for this element but it hastens the decay of manure and assists in the liberation of various essential elements for the use of the vegetables.

However, for some garden crops, lime is not needed and in some cases it may even cause injury. This is the case with the strawberry

and watermelon which prefer a slightly acid soil. Lime on potato soil, scabs the tubers. Outside of these crops, lime is decidedly beneficial for garden crops.

Lime may be applied on the plowed land in winter and worked into the soil in spring. About twenty pounds per square rod is sufficient for most gardens. Crushed limestone and air slaked lime are desirable forms.

**Oklahoma Farm Woman Wins.**  
STILLWATER.—Mrs. M. M. Davis a Garvin county farm woman, has won second prize in a nation-wide canning contest supervised by home demonstration agents throughout the country and fostered by a manufacturing company which makes a specialty of canning equipment, according to word just received by the Extension Division of the A. & M. College. The prize was \$150 in cash.

Mrs. Davis is preparing for the contest, canned and preserved 1,110 jars of fruit and vegetables. The Wisconsin woman who won first prize had 1,300 jars, some of them judged to be of better quality, many of them of larger size than the containers of the Oklahoma contestant.

Mrs. Davis' exhibit contained half pint jars of jellies, butters, jams, marmalades and preserves; and pints, quarts and half gallon containers for vegetables and fruits. Almost every variety of fruit and vegetables grown in Oklahoma was included. To display the exhibit, the front room of the Davis home for several days was emptied of furniture and filled with shelves and tables built by Mr. Davis.

**Weekly Produce Review.**  
CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The value of cold storage to the producers of the country is strikingly shown in a report of the United States Department of Commerce and Labor, issued on January 29. Commenting on conditions in Mexico, the report says that approximately forty carloads of eggs a month were shipped into Mexico City during 1922.

"The logical explanation for the increasing demand for storage eggs is underproduction and lack of storage facilities," the report says. "Mexico has no produce storage warehouses and cannot conserve its excess production of eggs in the season of generous productivity for distribution when production lessens."

The value of the cold storage warehouse in the United States has never been fully appreciated, but its value to the industry is shown during the early spring months, when there is such a tremendous excess over consumptive requirements of eggs, the surplus being stored for use later in the year, when production is extremely high.

Receipts of eggs at the principal markets of the country indicate that production is increasing over a vast area and prices are lower, both in consuming and shipping centers.

Due to favorable weather conditions, and larger flocks of fowl on the farm, increased receipts are looked for, with gradual settling of prices until they reach a storage basis.

During the week, one of the occasional abrupt declines in the butter market occurred. The Chicago Market on 90 score Standards was quoted at 43 1-2 cents on February 2, as compared with 48 cents, a week ago.

In our two previous reviews, we called attention to the comparison of values this year and last.

With more butter reaching the market than was being consumed, it was inevitable that some adjustment would occur to stimulate the demand from the consuming trade. Production is larger than last year at least 20 per cent, and more than makes up for the decrease in storage stocks.

So far, the receipts of both live and dressed poultry reaching the four great markets have been heavier than last year.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture in a report of February 1 shows stocks of poultry in storage as follows, in Chicago, New York, Boston and Philadelphia:

This year, 83,290,000 lbs.; last year, 71,858,000 lbs; excess 11,432,000 lbs.

The market trend indicates lighter receipts as the young roosters are pretty well marketed, and on account of egg production, fowls are being held back for the laying season. The lighter movement, if continued, will probably result in higher prices being made at country collection points.

SWIFT & COMPANY.

**FITZHUGH**  
The Bible Class from Ada, was well attended by everyone. We hope some day in the future to have them with us again. Among them were Mr. Ellison, Mr. Little, Mr. Duncan and friends. All of them made splendid talks.

The singing class will have their new piano by Sunday. We hope to have good singing from now on, and hope that all the young folks will take a part.

Miss Lura Oliphant was the guest of Misses Georgia and Opal Thompson.

Mr. Henry and daughter Mary, spent Sunday at Sulphur with his son, Floyd Henry.

Mrs. Varner Oliphant, daughter Geraldine and mother, Mrs. Barton were the week end guests of relatives and friends at Fitzhugh.

Miss Cleo Simmons is spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hayes of Hickory.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Williams have been visiting relatives and friends at Denison, Texas. They said while they were in Texas that the people had a real rain and snow.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Bickel are going out of business in Fitzhugh. We hope to get a merchant as well thought of as Mr. Bickel and wife.

A. Fine is visiting Jack Smith and family.

Sunday school was well attended Sunday by all the young people. We hope to have a large crowd next Sunday.

SMILES.

## HAITI SHOWING TRADE ADVANCE

Business Report Indicates General Increase Over Preceding Year

(By the Associated Press)

PORT-AU-PRINCE.—The report of the Receiver General of Customs for Haiti, for the year ending September 30, shows a decidedly healthy economic improvement. The collection of customs for that period was \$4,672,393 as compared to \$3,606,173 for the preceding twelve months. Even more favorable are the combined collections for October and November of 1922, with the total of \$1,076,159, as compared with \$630,829 for the corresponding months of 1921.

The volume of trade for the year is \$23,062,481, as contrasted with \$16,910,775 for the previous twelve months; while the imports aggregate \$12,350,271 against \$11,957,206 and the exports \$10,712,210 in place of \$4,953,570. A recapitulation of the imports show the United States leading with a value of \$10,359,613; the United Kingdom second with \$763,363 and France third with \$642,382. The United States figures show an increase of \$816,602, while the United Kingdom fell off \$55,393 and France \$495,207.

In the export trade the United States was second with a value of \$1,438,775, France having \$6,018,524 and the United Kingdom \$589,175. France is a heavy consumer of Haitian coffee, having taken more than \$5,000,000 worth of this product. In Haiti's export trade coffee leads with \$7,487,312, the other exports in volume being cotton, \$1,547,205; sugar, \$537,475; dyewoods, \$506,953; cacao, \$274,124; goatskins, \$62,352; honey, \$62,076; lignum vitae and mahogany, \$27,014. Miscellaneous exports are shells, old copper, beeswax, lignum vitae wax and corn. With the exception of cotton, coffee and honey the great bulk of these products went to the United States. The figures also show, in comparison with those of last year, that cotton and cacao trebled in volume, and that honey doubled.

The total collections from all sources by the Receiver General, including the balance of \$4,391,163 carried over from the fiscal year of 1921, amounted to \$9,419,542 and expenditures and disbursements to \$7,955,181, leaving a balance of \$1,464,360. The gain of 73 percent in volume of trade, the increased expenditure of money for the use of the Haitian government, and the great increase in collections since the dating of the report, with the beginning of the payment of interest on the internal bonds held so largely by Haitians, usher in what promises to be a banner year for Haiti.

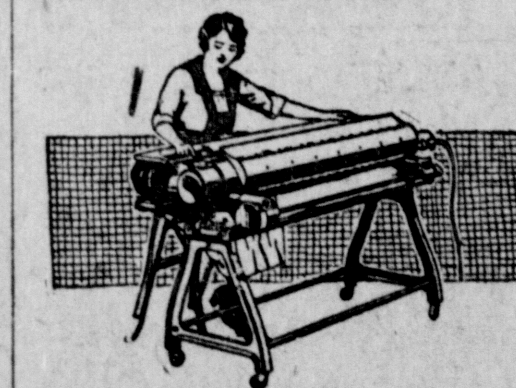
**HOLDENVILLE.**—The American National bank has been consolidated with the First National. The combined assets of the consolidated institution are said to be around \$1,300,000.

Now let's get a hold!  
Ask your druggist for  
**DR. KING'S**  
NEW DISCOVERY  
—the family cough syrup

## Only THOR can iron as you can!

To make it worth while for you to iron with an electric ironer, the ironer must iron as well as you can, and do it at a saving to you of time and labor. This Thor alone can do through features not found in other machines. "Finger flick" shoe (ironing surface) control that brings the shoe to the article being ironed, just as you iron by hand, is one of them.

See this and other features demonstrated at our store.



**HURLEY**  
Electric Ironing Machine  
**\$2 DOWN**  
Balance in 12 Equal Monthly Payments

**Consumers Appliance Co.**  
AT THE LIGHT OFFICE  
PHONE 70

**ROCKY CHAPEL.**  
Farming is the order of the day. Everybody is breaking their land. Health in this community is reported better at this writing.

Mrs. Webb was shopping in Ada Saturday.

Mrs. Creech spent Wednesday Mrs. Smith.

Miss Lora Holt spent Saturday with Miss Ida Smith.

Orel Clappitt and Dibrell Ledbetter spent the week-end with home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. Clappitt and their son, Orel, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Smith Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Price of Pleasant Hill visited his father and mother of this community Saturday night.

The Stork visited Mr. and Mrs. Ollie Files last week and left a fine baby girl, named Nina Louise. Come on, Pecan Grove and Pleasant Hill, with your news we like to hear from you.

BREAD AND BUTTER.

### Every Woman Needs IRON at Times

If women would only take Nuxated Iron when they feel weak, run down, tired out—when they are pale, nervous and haggard—there are thousands who might readily build up their red corpuscles, become rosy checked, strong and healthy and be much more attractive in every way. When the iron goes from the blood of women, the healthy glow of youth leaves their skin and their charm and vivacity depart. A two weeks course of Nuxated Iron works wonders in many cases. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. At all good druggists.

### NUXATED IRON

Gwin & Mays Drug Co.



See Them—the New

## L'AIGLON

(The Eagle)

Women's Daytime Frocks

They are made of smart, crisp, imported gingham, novelty crepe, Japanese crepe and linen. Checks, plaids and solid colors. When you see them you'll be delighted with the charm, value and service of L'Aiglon Daytime Frocks.

The two Dresses illustrated above are:

No. 4083—(Sitting)  
A double Peter Pan collar and double cuffs, piped with white, add much youthful piquancy to a straight line frock of checked gingham.

Price \$3.00

No. 4087—(Standing)  
Crisp and Spring-like is this checked gingham with its delightful little frills. A smart model for afternoon wear.

Price \$6.50

## Stevens-Wilson Co.

THE STORE THAT SELLS GOOD GOODS

## THEATER McSWAIN THEATER

THE PLAYHOUSE OF CHARACTER

SHOWING TODAY

**Betty Compson and Bert Lytell**

—IN—

**"To Have and To Hold"**  
World's Greatest Romance

It's a Paramount Picture  
A GEORGE FITZMAURICE Production  
From the story by Mary Johnston

ALSO SHOWING  
EDUCATIONAL COMEDY

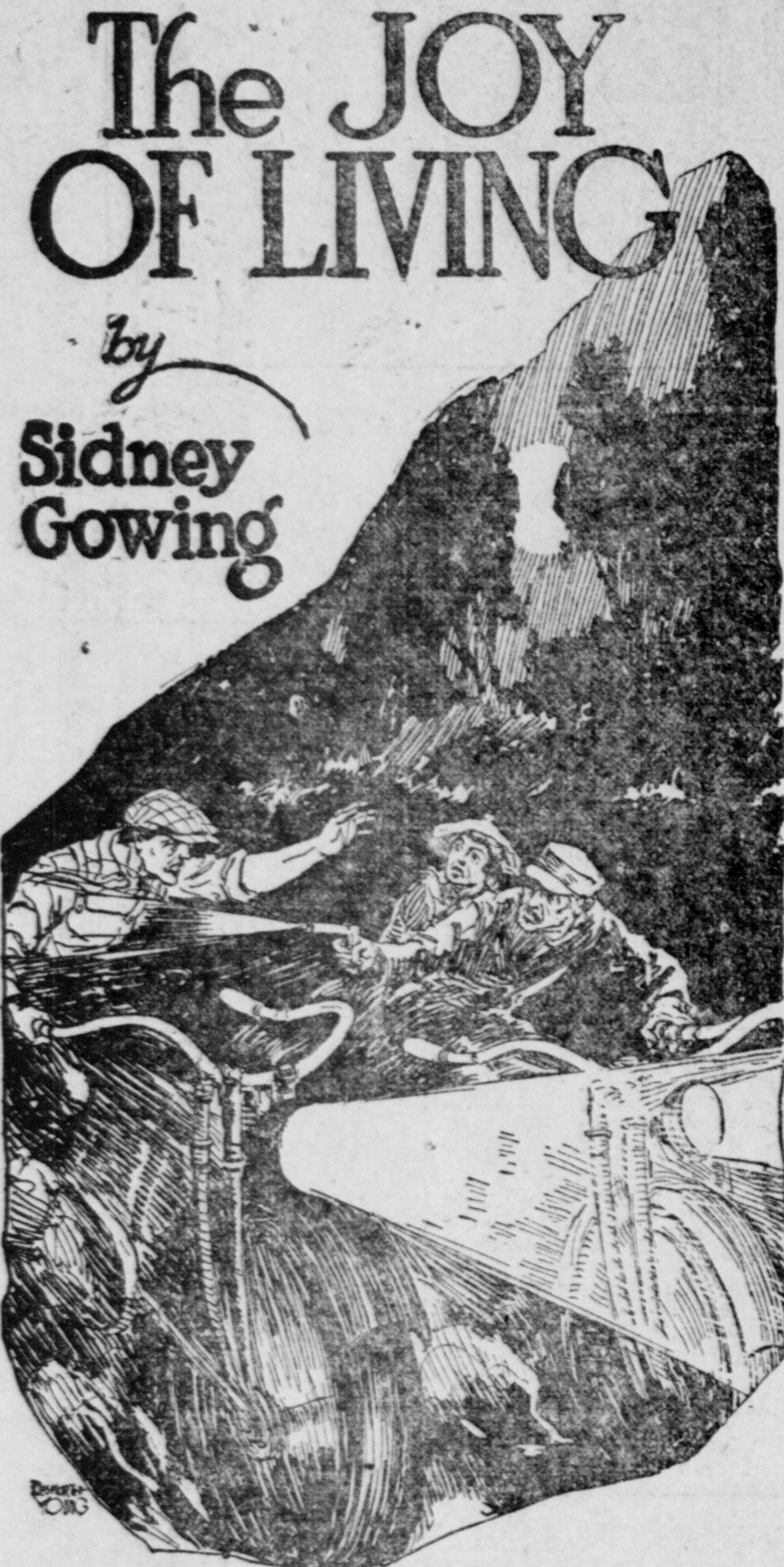
COMING WEDNESDAY

**NORMA TALMADGE**

—IN—

**"THE ETERNAL FLAME"**

Norma Talmadge says, "My latest and greatest picture"



Here is a Delightful Comedy in the Form of a Serial Story Which We Feel is a Real Kindness to Offer to Readers

The little English heroine is a trump. The young Yankee hero is a fit partner for her; and they do become partners in one of the funniest adventures you ever heard about—thrilling, too! Innocently they get mixed up in a burglary which draws not only the local police of an English town, but the detective brains of the celebrated Scotland Yard upon their trail. And the girl's father was a bishop; think of the disgrace if she were caught!

Not a crime story at all, but the story of two joyful cherubs who were suspected of a crime. There are motorcycle trips over a charming countryside; circumstances which cause the climbing of trellises and the invading of ancient castles in the dead of the night; hiding in caves; subterfuges of all sorts, and through it all is the rollicking spirit of youth—just what its title implies—the joy of living. You will love sweet, audacious, nifty little Aimee, and you will have no less regard for dashing Billy, and even the Flying Sphinx, the wonderful motorcycle which figured in their adventures, will get into your affections like a thing of life.

IT IS A NEW SERIAL STARTING IN  
THE ADA EVENING NEWS  
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

# Santa Fe Taxes 3 times as high

Here is the Tax Bill:

|           | State and Local | Federal    | Total        |
|-----------|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| 1912..... | \$ 4,187,000    | \$ 251,000 | \$ 4,438,000 |
| 1917..... | 7,094,000       | 4,838,000  | 11,932,000   |
| 1918..... | 7,036,000       | 3,838,000  | 10,874,000   |
| 1919..... | 8,500,000       | 4,010,000  | 12,510,000   |
| 1920..... | 8,689,000       | 3,315,000  | 12,004,000   |
| 1921..... | 10,192,000      | 4,644,000  | 14,836,000   |

The exact figures for 1922 are not yet available, but they will greatly exceed even 1921.

Taxes for each mile of railroad operated were \$414 in 1912 and \$1,270 for 1921.

Please note, the tax bill has more than tripled since 1912.

Many public men are keenly alive to the serious situation arising from this enormous tax burden and have dealt with it in recent addresses. Senator Borah says:

"It will be very difficult to reduce freight rates, if we continue in this country to increase taxes upon railroads as we have for the last four years."

The magnitude of the bill suggests one reason why new stations, locomotives, and cars, and new railroad lines are possible only in a limited way, and why passenger fares and freight rates are so much higher than 10 years ago.—

The tax bill comes ahead of everything.

W. B. STOREY, President,  
The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway System.